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Holder & Vibration Isolator

It is used for laser marking, bar code reader, laser micromachining and so on.

- It converts a rotational movement of a galvanometer mirror into a linear motion on the focal plane by using distortion effects.
- Telecentric type is also available that can be irradiated vertically to the focusing plane.
- Also available for fundamental YAG laser (1064nm), harmonic lasers (266nm, 355nm, 532nm) and CO₂ lasers (9.3 – 10.6μm).



Guide

- ▶ We accept orders to suit customized requirements.
- ▶ Also available to fabricate the laser scanning system which combines the galvanometer mirror and fθ lens unit.

Attention

- ▶ We do not recommend the use of the fθ lens to the imaging system because it is designed for the optical system of the scanning type.
- ▶ Please place in accordance with the position of the incident pupil of the fθ lens beam into the scanning system (galvanometer mirror). If the incident pupil is not in position of the beam scanning system, the optimum focusing spot cannot be achieved because the aberration will increase.

fθ Lenses dimension table

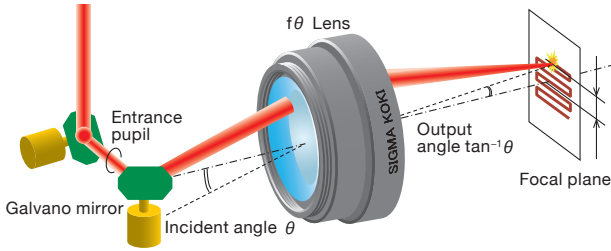
Part Number	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)	D (mm)	E (mm)	F (mm)	G (mm)	H (mm)	I (mm)	J (mm)	K (mm)
fθL-100-266T	60	57.8	43	5	6	6	φ97	φ82g6	M80 P1	φ69	74.8
fθL-150-266T	80	73.3	65	3	6	6	φ122	φ102g6	M100 P1	φ89	88.3
fθL-500-325	50	43.4	34	—	10	6	φ117	φ82g6	M80 P1	—	59.4
fθL-1000-325	50	50.3	36	—	8	6	φ127	φ82g6	M80 P1	—	64.3
fθL-100-355T	60	56.3	42	6	6	6	φ97	φ82g6	M80 P1	φ69	74.3
fθL-100-355THG	80	109.6	59	9	6	6	φ112	φ102g6	M100 P1	φ84	130.6
fθL-150-355T	80	72.3	64	4	6	6	φ122	φ102g6	M100 P1	φ89	88.3
fθL-1000-442	50	50	36	—	8	6	φ127	φ82g6	M80 P1	—	64
fθL-100-532T	60	51.5	50	—	6	4	φ92	φ82g6	M80 P1	—	61.5
fθL-300-1064	39	35.9	27.3	3.7	8	—	φ91	—	M80 P1	φ76	47.6
fθL-100-1064T	60	49.5	47.5	—	6.5	6	φ92	φ82g6	M80 P1	—	62
fθL-100-9300T	80	45	48	20	6	6	φ122	φ102g6	M100 P1	φ90	77

fθ Lenses

Part Number	Design wavelength [nm]	Focal length f [mm]	Entrance pupil diameter [mm]	Scanning angle [°]	Scanning Range [mm]	Telecentric	Working distance (WD) [mm]	Transmittance [%]
fθL-100-266T	266	100.4	φ12	±15	φ52	○	135.9	93
fθL-150-266T	266	149.9	φ12	±15	φ78	○	205.2	93
fθL-500-325	325	501.8	φ20	±22	φ385	—	605.4	94
fθL-1000-325	325	1002.0	φ14	±25	φ870	—	1169.4	94
fθL-100-355T	355	99.85	φ12	±15	φ52	○	136.1	93
fθL-100-355THG	355	100.1	φ14	±15	φ52	○	60.94	90
fθL-150-355T	355	150.2	φ12	±15	φ78	○	207.2	93
fθL-1000-442	442	1000.0	φ14	±25	φ870	—	1169.7	95
fθL-100-532T	532	100.3	φ12	±15	φ52	○	121.1	90
fθL-300-1064	1064	299.8	φ16	±23	φ240	—	361.4	95
fθL-100-1064T	1064	100.3	φ12	±15	φ52	○	123.1	95
fθL-100-9300T	9300 (10600)	100.1 (99.68)	φ24	±23	φ80	○	73.3 (72.52)	please contact

fθ Lenses | fθL

Schematic

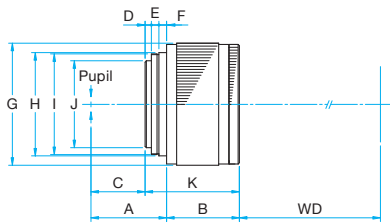


By using the f theta lens, it is possible to be moved a laser light spot in constant speed linear motion on the focal plane by scanning the mirrors such as galvanometer scanner mirrors. The f theta lens enables this by the effect of distortion. Mathematically it is expressed as following;
 focal length = "f", ideal image height = "y", the angle of scanned = "θ" therefore, $y = f\theta$.
 In the normal single lens, the ideal image height "y" is represented by " $y = f \tan\theta$ ".
 Characteristics of both are the same in a small angle range. However, the difference is greater angle increases.

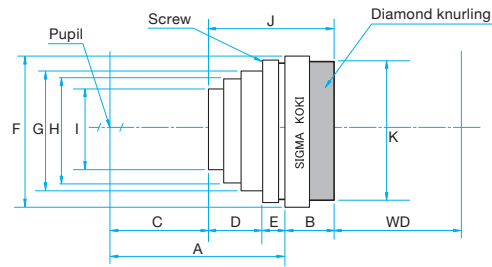
Outline Drawing

(in mm)

fθL Lenses



fθL Lenses for YAG (fθL-L/fθL-B/fθL-270-1064)



fθ Lenses for YAG dimension table

Part Number	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)	D (mm)	E (mm)	F (mm)	G (mm)	H (mm)	I (mm)	J (mm)	K (mm)	Screw
fθL-100-532L	53.3	17.8	22.5	22.8	8	φ89	φ80	φ72	φ60	48.6	φ83	M85 P1
fθL-100-1064L	53.3	17	20	25.3	8	φ87	φ80	φ69	φ57	50.3	φ83	M85 P1
fθL-150-1064B	63	19.8	26.8	28	8.2	φ87	φ80	φ74.5	φ64	56	φ86	M85 P1
fθL-220-1064L	59.8	21.1	32.1	19.7	8	φ97	φ80	—	φ68	48.8	φ97	M85 P1
fθL-270-1064	59.7	33.5	26.0	24.7	9	φ106	φ74	—	φ64	67.2	φ106	M85 P1

fθ Lenses for YAG

Part Number	Design wavelength [nm]	Focal length f [mm]	Entrance pupil diameter [mm]	Scanning angle [°]	Scanning Range [mm]	Telecentric	Working distance (WD) [mm]	Transmittance [%]
fθL-100-532L	532	100.2	φ12	±22.9	φ80	—	114.7	≥95
fθL-100-1064L	1064	99.93	φ12	±22.9	φ80	—	109.6	≥95
fθL-150-1064B	1064	152.1	φ15	±24.0	φ127.4	—	168.6	≥95
fθL-220-1064L	1064	220.0	φ12	±24.0	φ184	—	254.2	≥95
fθL-270-1064	1064	273.0	φ15	±24.13	φ230	—	318.9	≥95

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